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SCLERAL LENSES

POSSIBILITIES AND LIMITATIONS ON PATHOLOGICAL OCULAR SURFACES



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- Manager of Optometry and Specialty Lens Clinic Linsencentrum GmbH
- @ RGP-lab Falco Linsen AG, Switzerland
- 85% of all fits are specialty lenses
 - 60% scleral lenses of these
 - 25% RGP's
 - 15% Ortho-K & Myopia Control

Disclosures



• Employee and consultant of Falco Linsen AG, Switzerland

 All cases were fitted with Falco scleral lenses at the specialty lens clinic Linsencentrum GmbH

Equippment



Need to have:

- Slitlamp with digital-photo, cobalt blue illumniation and yellow filter
- Scleral lens Fitting Set
- Nice to have
- Topography
- OCT
- Eaglet Eye Surface Profiler or Pentacam with CSP-Tool



SCLERAL LENSES IN A PERFECT WORLD

Schematic scleral lens

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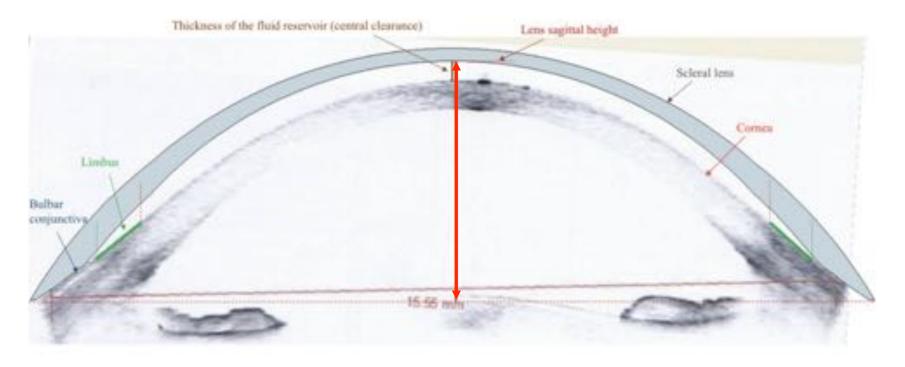
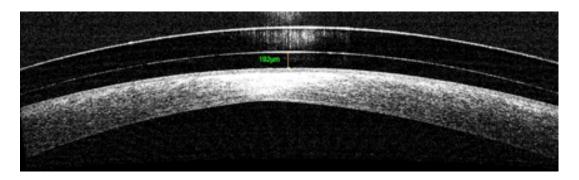


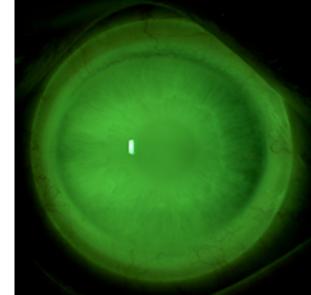
Abb: Clinical Guide for Scleral Lens Success Melissa Barnett, Daddi Fadel

Fitting Guide

central:

- 150-250µm clearence
 - The larger the clearance
 - The less Oxygen to the Cornea
 - The worse VA usually gets





Fitting Guide

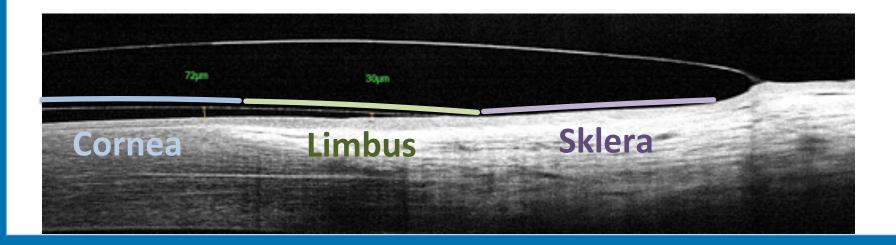


Limbal Zone:

- 10-40µm clearance, parallel to the limbus (no touch at the limbus)
- No conjuctival folds and edema

Scleral Zone:

- Circumferencial parallel rest on the Sclera
- NO Blanching, no Imprints
- torische Scleral zone where needed



Scleral Lenses in a "Perfect World"

- No "midday fogging" of tear reservoir
- Perfect surface wetting
- No stain Do cweardeau cyarty en Mi

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- No imprints on the cornea and conjunctiva
 No redness, no Recurst entry or of the cornea and conjunctiva

Scleral Lenses in a "Imperfect World"! linsen centrum

- The more complex the Cornea situation, the further away you usually get from the desired lens fit
 - Nevertheless the "ideal lens fit" has to be achieved
 - What compromises are tolerable?
 - No recipe available
 - Tight follow-up intervals



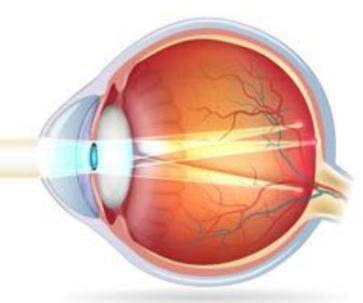
VISUAL REHABILITATION

«Remember the optics!»

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Cornea is the first refracting membrane on the eye

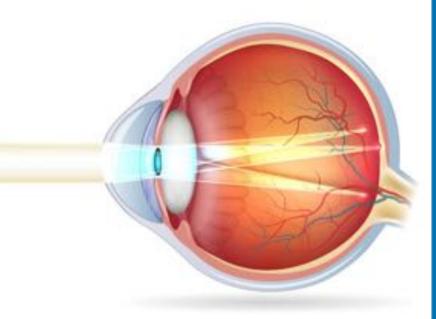
- Light refracts from oxygen to media
 → ca. 66% of the total light refraction happens on the cornea (tearfilm)
- Every irregularity of the Cornea influences the quality of the retinal image



«Remember the optics!»

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These irregularities only can be non-invasive corrected with scleral lenses or RGP lenses!



SCL for pathological cornea changes

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Indications for scleral lenses

- Visual rehabilitation of irregular astigmatism
 - Keratoconus, PMD
 - Keratoplasty
 - Post-Lasik with complications & radial keratotomy
 - Scars after trauma and infection
- Expositions keratitis, severe dry eye conditions
- Cosmetic indications
 - Iris defects
 - Partial or full occlusion

SCL for pathological cornea changes

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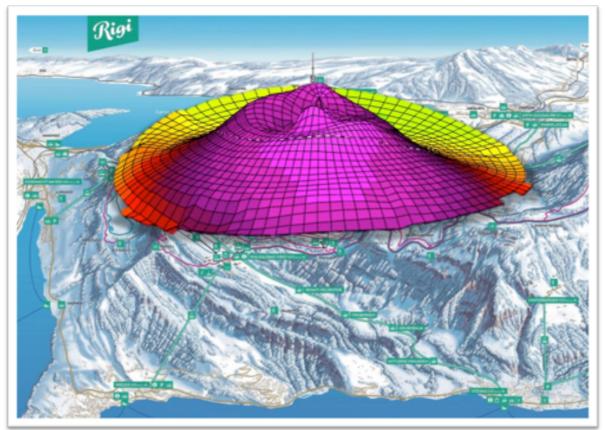
Indications for scleral lenses

- Acceptance issues with RGP's comfort
- Normal eye with high refractive error
- High corneal astigmatism
- Sports
- Jobs with a dusty enviroment

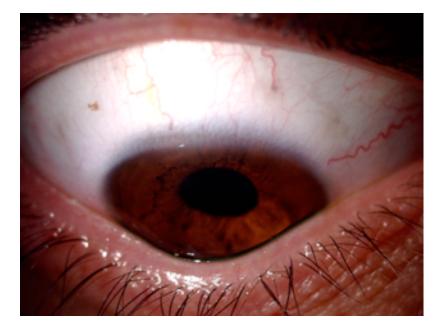


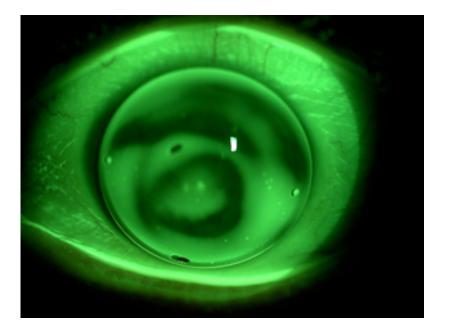
Irregular Astigmatism SCLERAL LENSES IN PATHOLOGICAL CORNEA CHANGES PART I

The classic indication



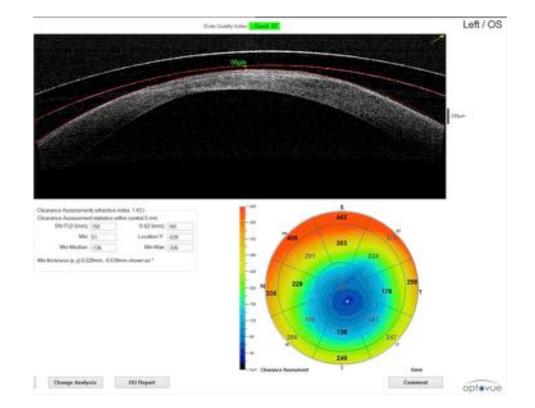
Keratocone

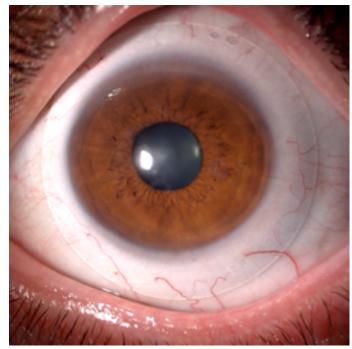




Quadranten-spezifische Keratokonus Linse r_0 : 5.40mm, x+50 μ m, Ø 10.60mm

Keratocone





Keratoconus



- Well suited medium to high-grade Keratoconus
 - Visus mostly better and especially more stable due to «static fit» vs. unstable optics of corneal RGP lenses
 - Beware with visus forecasts in mild Konus
 - Especially with high «posterior float» and relatively low anterior topography changes
 - In part better visus with soft lenses
- «cerebral» Keratoconus
 - Neural adaptation: New scleral lens optics partly not tolerated

Keratoconus



- Post CXL lenses can be worn again 4-6 weeks
 - With Epi-ON even after 2-3 weeks post-surgery
- In progressive Keratocone (pre-operative):
 - Better monitoring and shorter CL-abstinence for measurements
 - Lenses do not need to be changed Post-CXL or only marginally, where corneal RGP lenses need to be adapted again and again

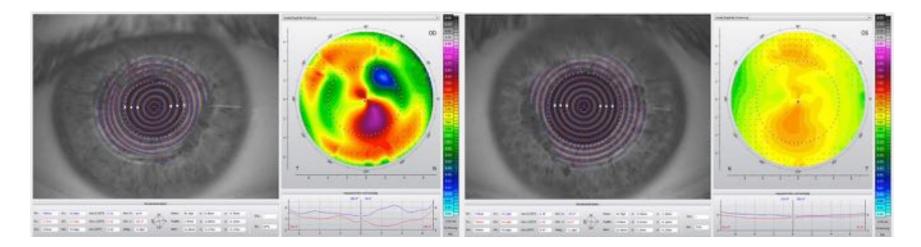


CASE # 2

Unilateral Keratocone with ICRS (intra corneal ring segments)



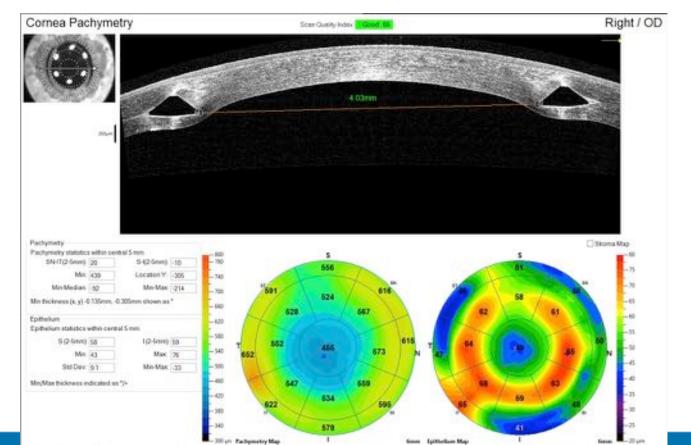
	Vis _{sc}	Ref. (dpt)	Vis _{cc Brille}	K _{flat} (mm)	K _{steep} (mm)	
OD	0.2p	+2.75 -4.50 46°	0.9p	7.89	7.17	KC with ICRS
OS	1.50	+0.25	1.50	7.79	7.59	normal















Take Home Message

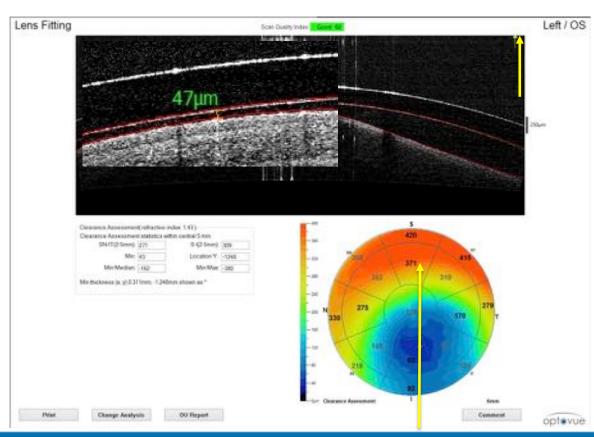


- Outcome:
 - Subj. good wearing comfort despite monocular lens fitting
 - VA from 0.2p to 1.2p
- Challenges:
 - Reflexes of the ICRS remain at dawn to night time
 - Retinoscope shows in «all» lenses the quality of the vision and reveals media changes or the like.
 - ICRS Usually have a difficult topography for fitting RGP's
 - In my personal experience scleral lenses usually simplify the fitting



APENDIX KERATOCONE

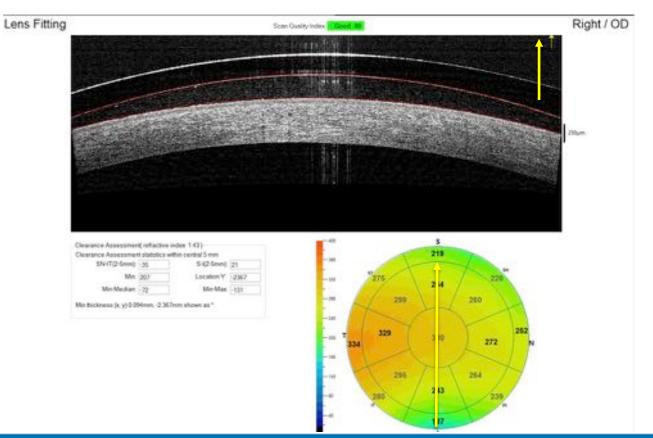
Keratoconus

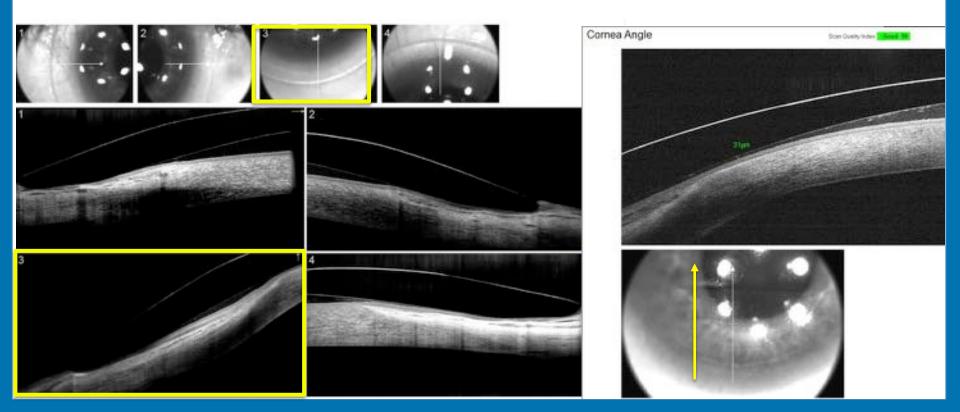


- Ensure clearance at the Apex after 2-3 weeks
- At the Apex as little as possible, as much as necessary
- In the second half of the day min 30-50 μm

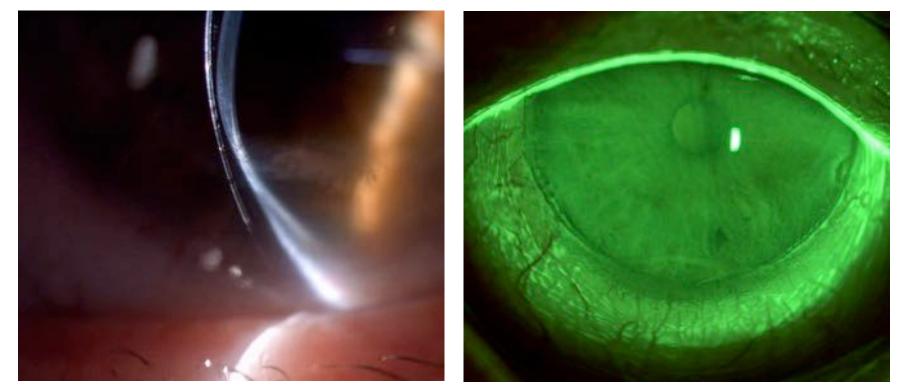


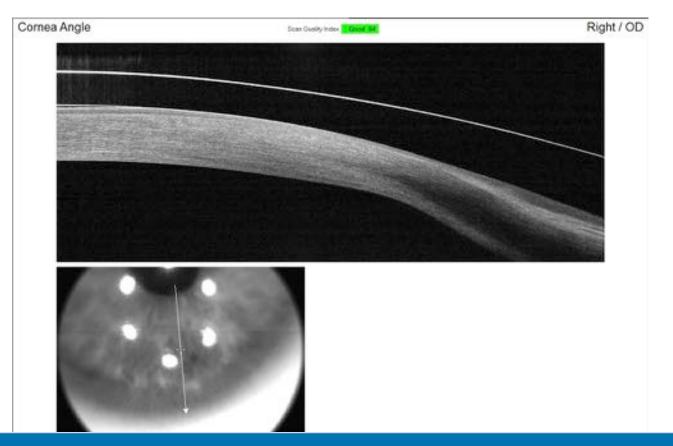
- Often compromise lens fitting depending on the nature of the PMD
- Apex is extremely inferior in the limbal zone of the KL
 - Mostly light touch inferior at the Apex
 - OR light conjuctival edema or conjunctival prolaps inferior
 - OR centrally too much clearence













SCLERAL LENSES IN PATHOLOGICAL CORNEA CHANGES PART II

Corneal conditions post surgery

Irregular astigmatism Post-OP

- Perforating keratoplasty
- Lamellar keratoplasty
- Graft restoration
- radial keratotomy
- Post-Lasik
- Photo Therapeutic keratectomy (PTK)

Irregular astigmatism Post-OP

- Challenges
 - Keratoplasty extreme level differences, levels, graft decentration,...
 - Endothelial cell count can a limitation for SCL fitting
 - Graft restoration
 - Unpredictable changes
 - Radial keratotomy & post-lasik
 - Normal peripheral corneal shape with extremely flat center and low sagittal hights
 - Difficult to achieve centrally optimal clearance

Irregular astigmatism Post-OP

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- This opens up the possibilities, variations, challenges and also limits
- Basically applicable for specialty lens fitting:
 - "Scleral Lenses of a Perfect World applied in an Imperfect World with the least possible Compromises!"
 - All customization skills contribute BUT not to get lost in it, but to strive for the best possible, tolerable and responsible lens fit
 - Follow up, follow up, follow up, ...

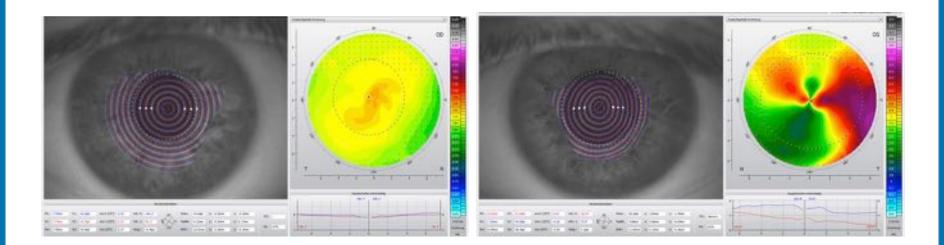


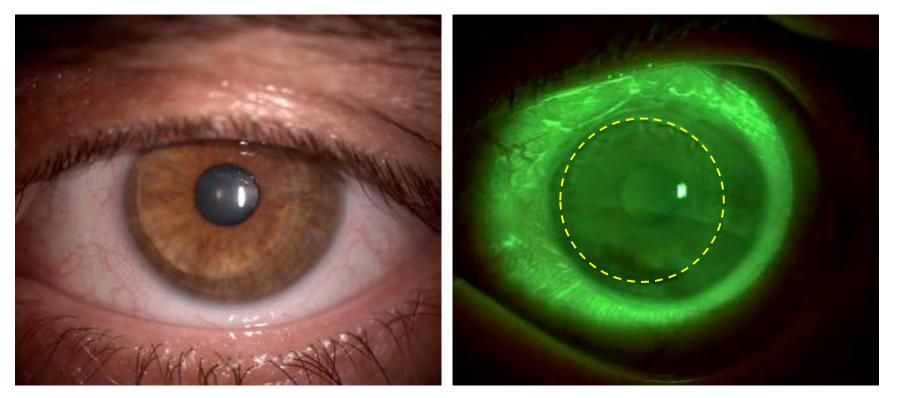
CASE # 3

Post DALK keratoplasty

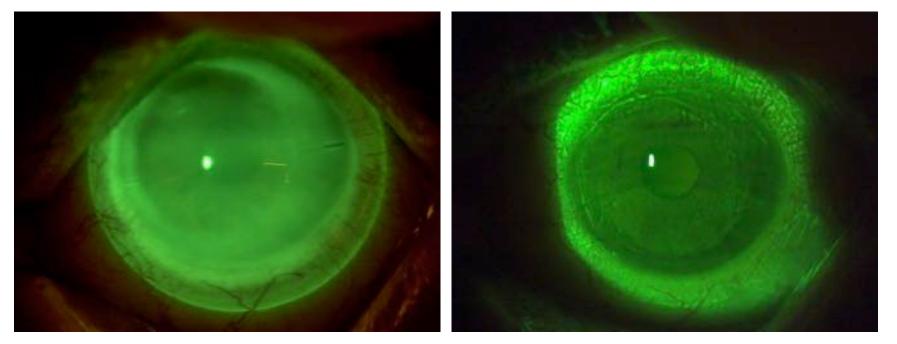


	Vis _{sc}	Ref. (dpt)	Vis _{cc Brille}	K _{flat} (mm)	K _{steep} (mm)	
OD		-4.50 -0.50 110°	1.2	7.79	7.73	normal
OS	0.1	-4.50 -6.00 70°	0.5p	7.36	6.62	DALK









Superior touch on the TP edge

Superior Fluo neg after 5h wearing time



"Can't touch this?"



"Yes we can!?"



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Can we or can't we touch??!?

This is a question that is in pathological cornea situations

that keeps popping up ...



Take Home Message



• Outcome:

- VA @ far: OD: 1.0p (with MV dailies) OS: 0.9 (mit Bifo ScCL)

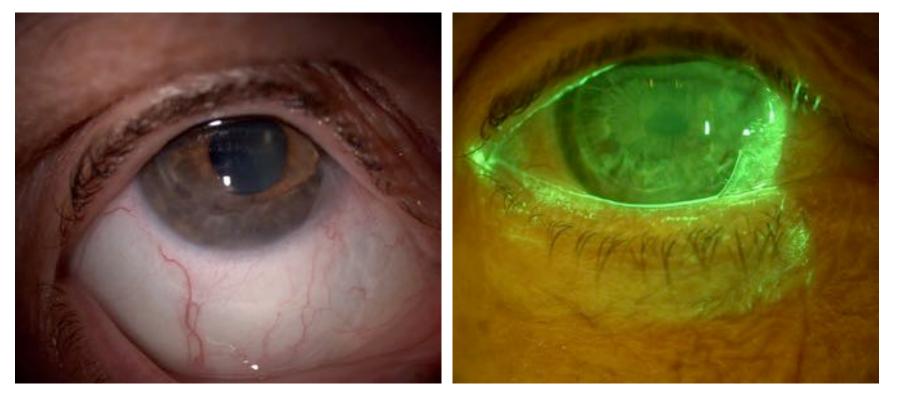
OS: 1.0

- VA @ near: OD: 0.6
- Challenge:
- A decentered graft rarely allows acceptable centering of a corneal RGP lens
- «Touch»
 - Gentle touch in small areas is usually tolerable, but must be observed
 - Important: Avoid hard transitions
 - In some situations, a gentle touch is usually the better compromise than complete clearance e.g. PMD

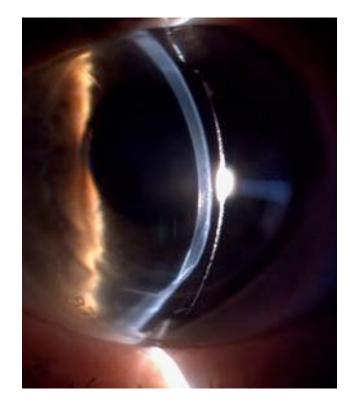


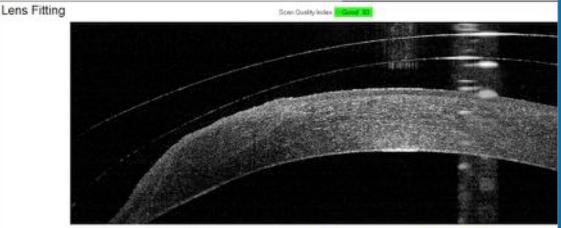
CASE #4 KERATOPLASTY

Partial graft restoration with suture and stiches



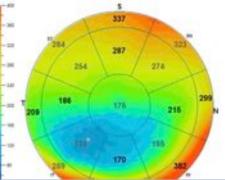
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5NHT(2-5mm)	140	542-5mm)	117
Mer	107	Location V.	1096
Min-Median:	-100	Mo-Max.	-224

Herausforderung inferior TP-Kante

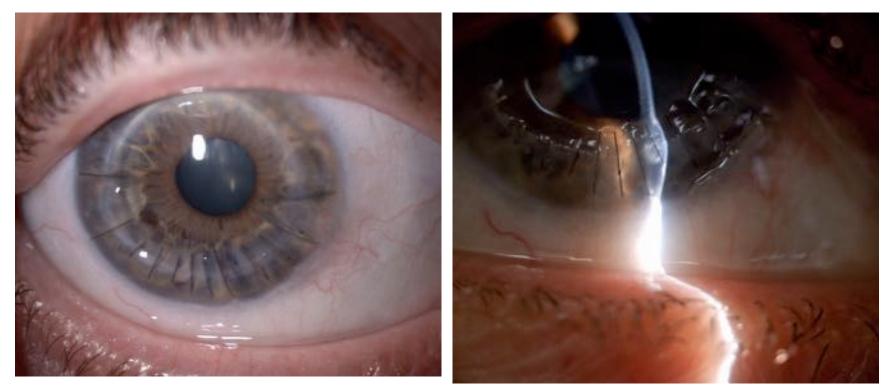


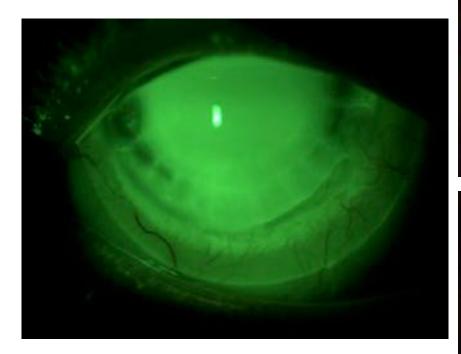
Pre-restoration

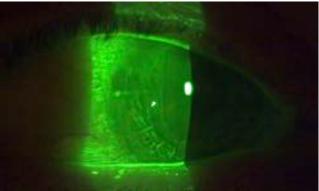
Post-restoration, Topography not measurable

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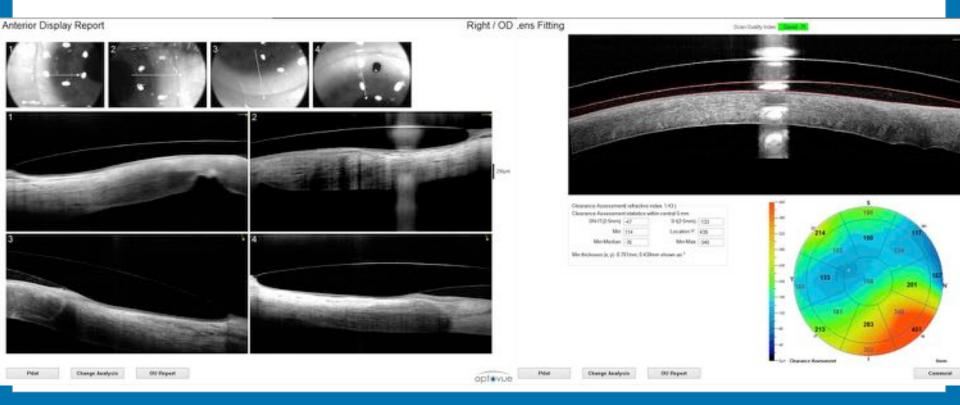
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Take Home Message



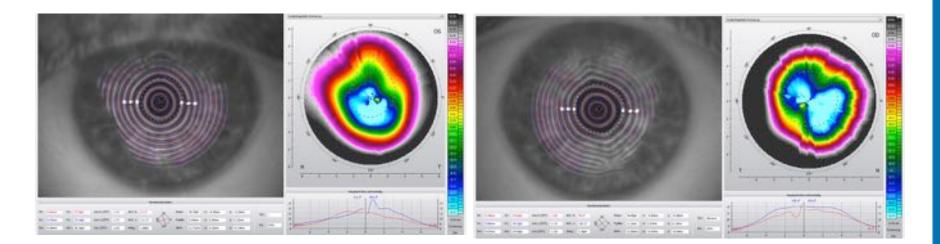
- Scleral lenses already can be fitted about 3-6 months after PKP
 - Also on top of initial sutures on the graft
 - After partial restoration even after 2-4 weeks post-surgery
 - Depending on the surgeon and technique the graft area can be very flat with swollen sutures (vulcano-like appearance)
 - In the case of high level differences, partial contact is usually not avoidable
 - Avoid conjunctival folds/ prolaps whenever possible (prone to neovascularization)

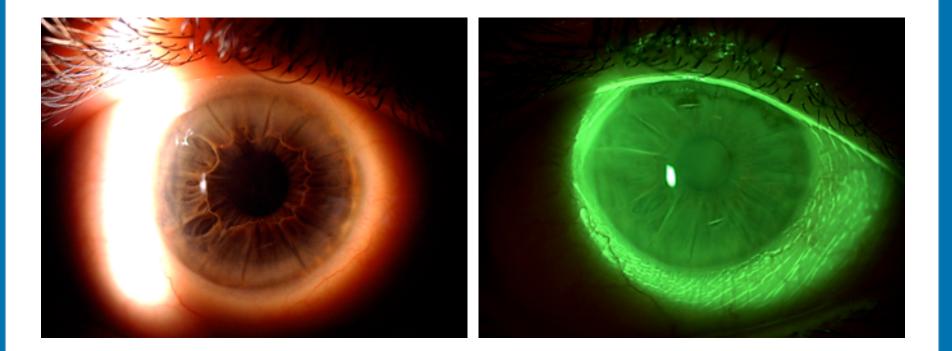


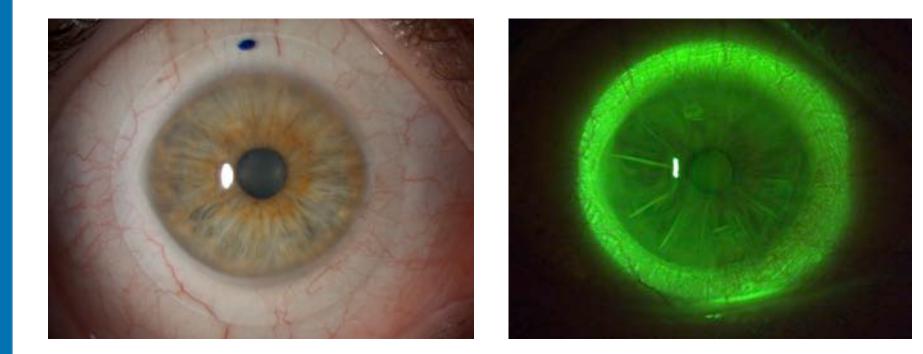
CASE #5 RADIAL KERATOTOMY

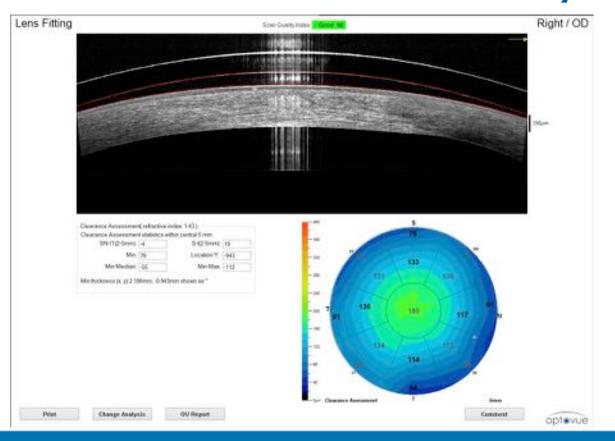


	Ref. (dpt)	Vis _{cc Brille}	K _{flat} (mm)	K _{steep} (mm)	
OD	+7.00 -2.00 141	1.0p	9.86	9.48	Rad. Keratotomy
OS	+7.00 -1.25 124	1.0p	9.52	9.06	Rad. Keratotomy











Take Home Message



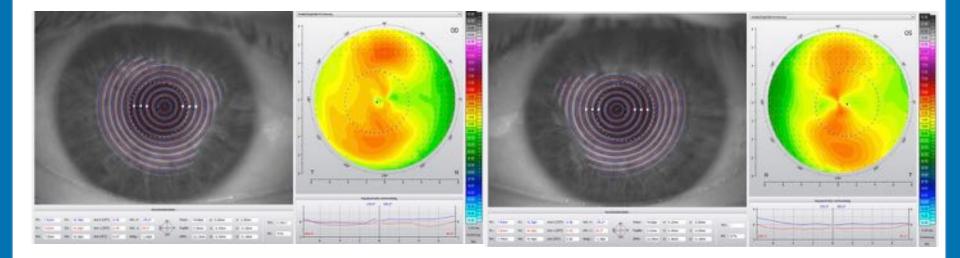
- Extreme flat cornea situations are an indication for scleral lenses
 - Radial keratotomy due to very flat cornea radii and fluctuation during the day of in extreme cases +/-4dpt
 - Post-Lasik situations, etc.
- Often there are more complex scleral lenses geometries needed to avoid excessive clearence in the center
 - Major differences in radii central to periphery



CASE #6 GRANULAR CORNEA DYSTROPHY (GCD I)

Post Photo Pherapeuthic Keratectomy (PTK)

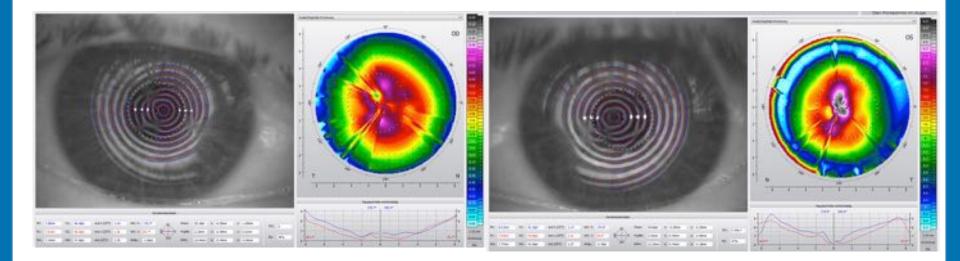
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OD: Topo Pre-PTK

OS: Topo Pre-PTK

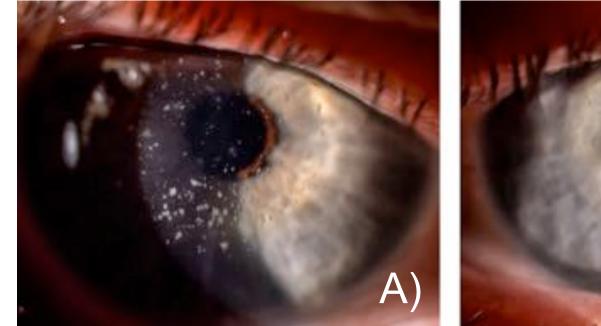
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OD: Topo 2 Mon Post-PTK

OS: Topo 2 Mon Post-PTK

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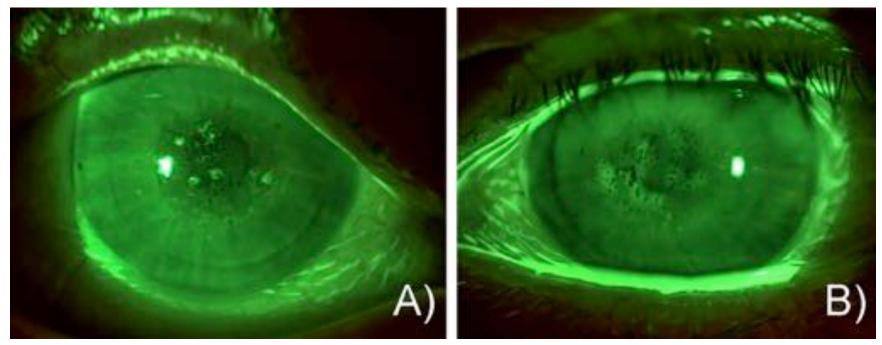




A) OD Post-PTK

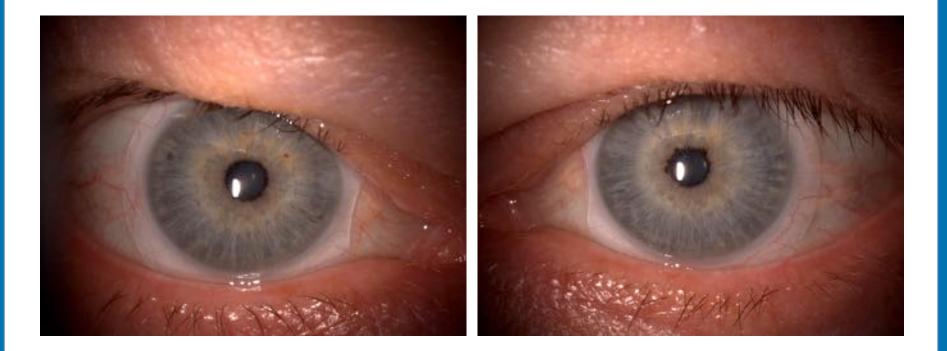
B) OS Post-PTK

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A) OD Post-PTK

B) OS Post-PTK



- Outcome:
 - Visus: OD: 1.2p OS: 1.0
 - Massive improvement of vision and quality of life
 - High contrast, no double images and shadows, hardly glare at dusk
 - Reading glasses over CL's



Take Home Message



- Unusual indication?
 - Irregular cornea surface can be corrected with tear reservoir RGP Lenses
- Recurrance of GCD 1: YES! PTK Repeatedly possible? YES!
 - «same» lenses can be reused after 2nd PKT with small refraction changes



SCLERAL LENSES IN PATHOLOGICAL CORNEA CHANGES PART III

Other pathological indications for scleral lenses

Further indications for scleral lenses

- Expositions keratitis
- Severe dry eye conditions
- Cosmetic / Prosthetic scleral lens fit
 - Congenital cosmetic changes
 - Aquired traumatic changes



CASE #7 LAGOPHTHALMUS

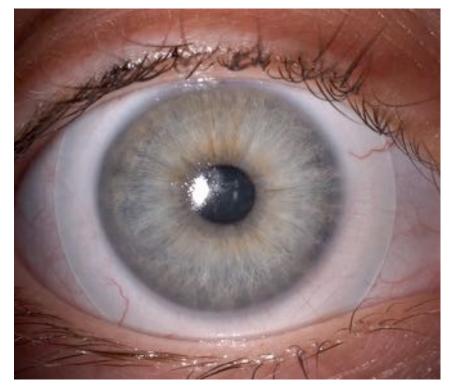
Case #7 Lagophthalmus



- Facialis paresis (7th cranial nerve)
- severe exposure keratitis, conjunctive injection and mild chemosis
- Subj. Severe dry eye sensation, discomfort and pain, redness
- Fit of protective scleral lens

Case #7 Lagophthalmus

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• Challenges:

- Poor wetting due to only manual lid closure, ointments, gels,...
- Despite tangible Science
 Hydra PEG coating

Case #7 Lagophthalmus



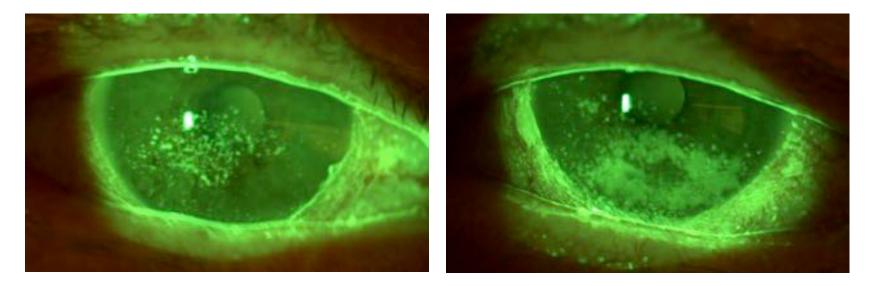
- Outcome:
 - with scleral lens was a massive improvement in subjective & objective symptoms
 - In the morning the eye shows most redness, despite eyepatch / wet chamber with Lacryvisc
 - The longer the lens is in the eye during the day, the better the eye feels, redness is lowest in the evening with the lens

GVHD

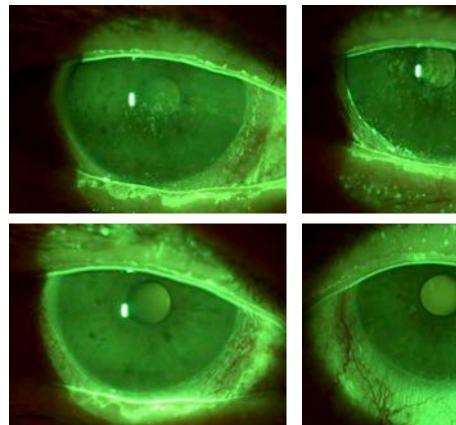
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After bone marrow transplant:

Systemic rejection resulting in reduced tear production Moderate to severe dry eye symptomes, pain, photophobia



GVHD



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1 months with ScCL

Wearing time 3-4 hrs. / day Symptomes better

3 months with ScCL

Wearing time 4-6 hrs./day massive improvement of pain, photophobia Almost not imaginable, how she could live without the lenses



Take Home Message



- Various pathological expositions keratitis can be supplied with scleral lenses and greatly improved
- Try different insertion fluid and post-wetting coctail for the best combination
 - Autologeous serum
- Large-scale corneal erosions can heal faster with scleral lenses than only with surface wetting (literature)
- "Patient AND Doctor education" ^(C)

Protective Role of Scleral Lenses

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- 2. Margolis, R., Thakrar, V., Perez, V.L., 2007. Role of rigid gas-permeable scleral contact lenses in the management of advanced atopic keratoconjunctivitis. Cornea 26, 1032–1034. <u>https://doi.org/10.1097/ICO.0b013e3181245172</u>
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- 4. Pullum, K., Buckley, R., 2007. Therapeutic and ocular surface indications for scleral contact lenses. Ocul Surf 5, 40-48.
- 5. Romero-Rangel, T., Stavrou, P., Cotter, J., Rosenthal, P., Baltatzis, S., Foster, C.S., 2000. Gas-permeable scleral contact lens therapy in ocular surface disease. Am. J. Ophthalmol. 130, 25–32.
- 6. Rosenthal, P., Cotter, J.M., Baum, J., 2000. Treatment of persistent corneal epithelial defect with extended wear of a fluid-ventilated gas-permeable scleral contact lens. Am. J. Ophthalmol. 130, 33–41.
- 7. Rosenthal, P., Croteau, A., 2005. Fluid-ventilated, gas-permeable scleral contact lens is an effective option for managing severe ocular surface disease and many corneal disorders that would otherwise require penetrating keratoplasty. Eye Contact Lens 31, 130–134.
- 8. Rubinstein, M.P., 2003. Applications of contact lens devices in the management of corneal disease. Eye (Lond) 17, 872–876. https://doi.org/10.1038/sj.eye.6700560
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- Takahide, K., Parker, P.M., Wu, M., Hwang, W.Y.K., Carpenter, P.A., Moravec, C., Stehr, B., Martin, P.J., Rosenthal, P., Forman, S.J., Flowers, M.E.D., 2007. Use of Fluid-Ventilated, Gas-Permeable Scleral Lens for Management of Severe Keratoconjunctivitis Sicca Secondary to Chronic Graft-versus-Host Disease. Biology of Blood and Marrow Transplantation 13, 1016–1021. <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/j.bbmt.2007.05.006</u>
- 11. Weber, S.L.P., de Souza, R.B., Gomes, J.Á.P., Hofling-Lima, A.L., 2016. The Use of the Esclera Scleral Contact Lens in the Treatment of Moderate to Severe Dry Eye Disease. Am. J. Ophthalmol. 163, 167-173.e1. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ajo.2015.11.034
- 12. Weyns, M., Koppen, C., Tassignon, M.-J., 2013. Scleral contact lenses as an alternative to tarsorrhaphy for the long-term management of combined exposure and neurotrophic keratopathy. Cornea 32, 359–361. <u>https://doi.org/10.1097/ICO.0b013e31825fed01</u>



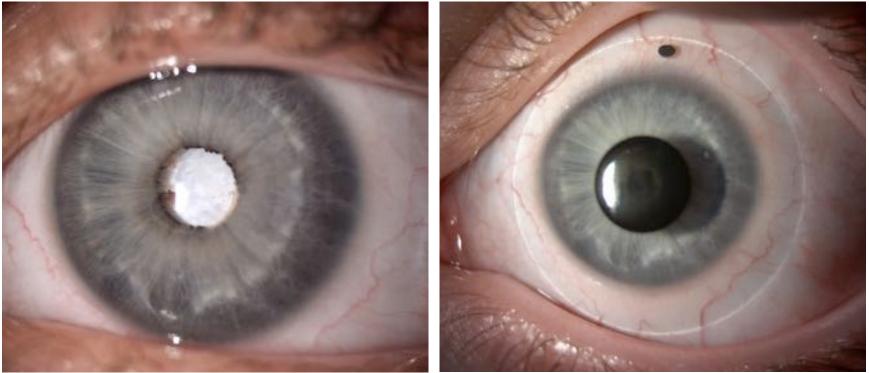
COSMETIC/ PROSTHETIC SCLERAL LENSES

Partial or full occluding scleral lenses



CASE #8 PRIMARY HYPERPLASTIC VITREOUS

Case #8 primary Hyperplastic Vitreous



Case #8 primary Hyperplastic Vitreous

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15 yr. Girl without cosmetic CL

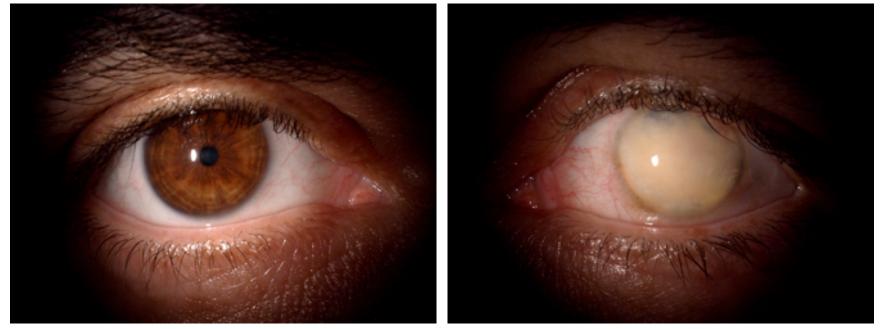
With cosmetic scleral lens: Black pupil 4.5mm on back surface

(minor ET by convergence on photo)



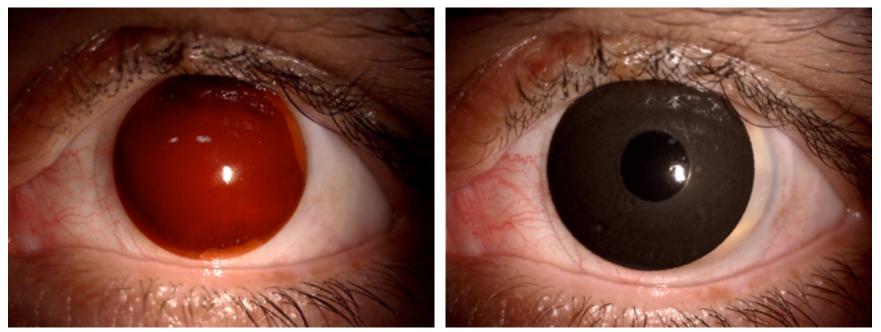
POST TRAUMATIC INDICATIONS





OD: Small caliber gun protectile injury with age 12 yrs., now 50yrs., Exo position

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OS: Old soft lens with brown tint in adduction (right gaze)

OS: full occlusion Irisprint on SCL, maximum Decentered, for as much Ortho appearance as possible

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OD: normal eye

OS: medium gun protectile injury, shrinking of the bulbus/cornea over the years.

extreme decentered print
extreme Scleral Toricity

ca. 1.5mm = 1500µm(height difference flat-steep)

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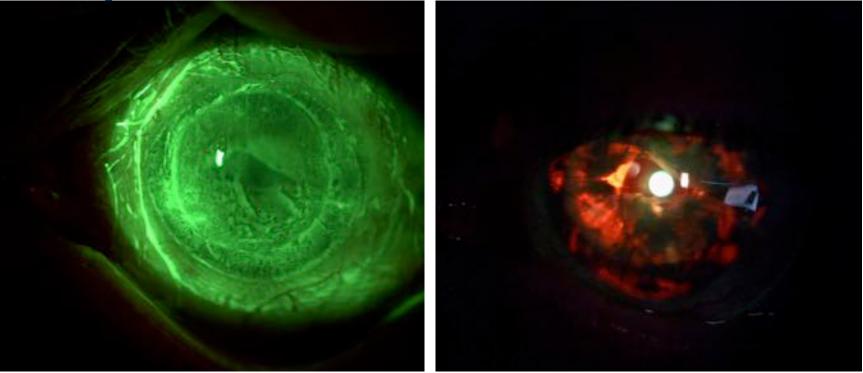


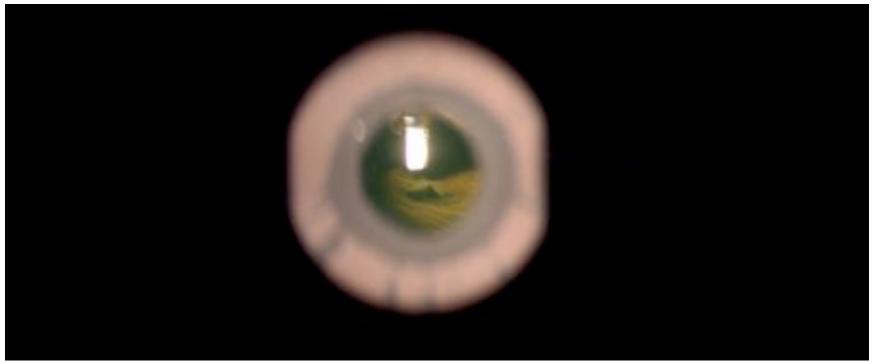


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3 Injuries on 3 different occasions on the left eye, KP, Re-PKP, IOL, Iris reconstruction







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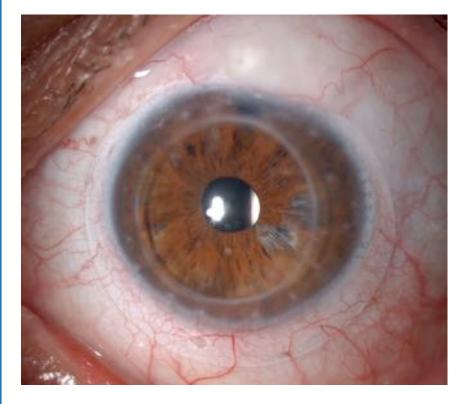
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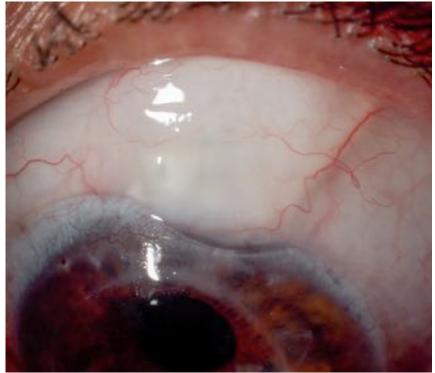
- Vis_{sc}: <0.05
- Vis_{cc} Skleral o Print: 0.2p
- Vis_{cc} m. Print: 0.5p
- Challenges:
 - Scarring Cornea and Sclera
 - Centering the print to subj. visual axis



LIMITS AND CONTRAINDICATION OF SCLERAL LENSES

Filtering bleb





Filtering bleb



- Notching possible to avoid blockage of aqueous outflow
- Watch IOP!!!
- Instruct for glaucoma drug application bevor and after scleral lens wearing
 - Apply drugs at least 15min prior to lens insertion

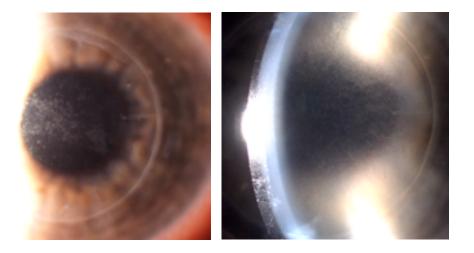
Buphthalmus

- Cornea diameter 16.8mm
- Extremely low IOP
- Unstable sclera and cornea
- Movie: scleral lens with diameter 16.0mm



Endothelial decompensation

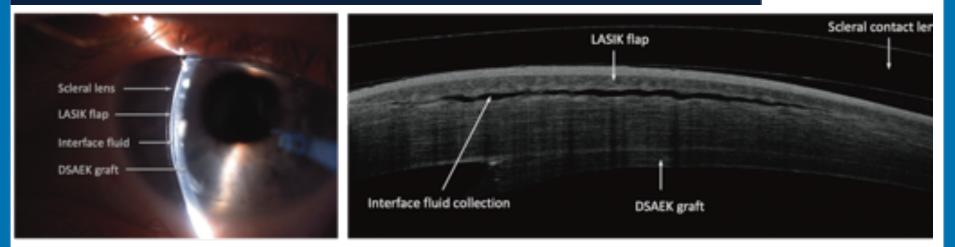
- Endothel cell count <800 z/mm² is usually the limit for modern Scleral lenses
- Dekompensation
 - Alte pKP, DSAEK & DMEK
 - Endothel Dystrophien,...



INTERFACE FLUID SYNDROME INDUCED BY SCLERAL CONTACT LENS

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Endothelial Cell function



Low endothelial cell count after pKP

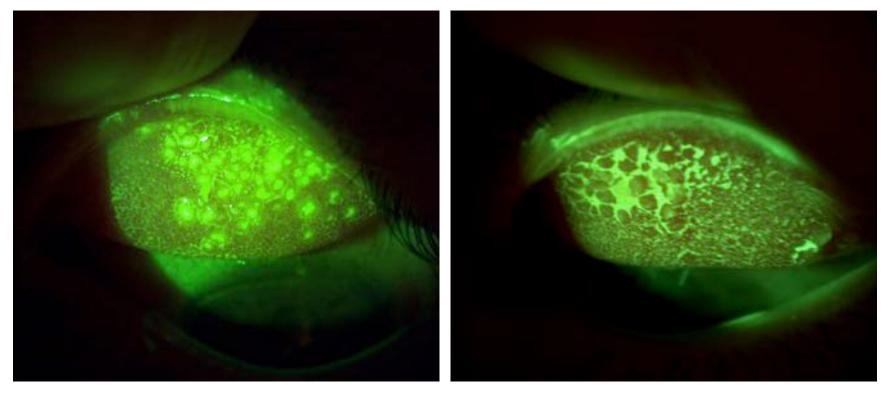
- < 800-1000 c/mm2 may cause edema
 - Occasionally also possible with very low cell count
 - Insert scleral lenses after overnight edema is fully resolved, in the case of critical endothelial cell count
 - While wearing and especially after removing the lenses let patient check for Halo's

Follicles

- Follicles can be caused by scleral lenses superior tarsal
- Cumulative ' denatured ' fatty acids on CL surface
 - Alcohol cleaner or combined sensitivity alcohol cleaner
- Chronic fluo-positive \rightarrow coating scleral lens
 - Tangible[™] Hydra-PEG
 - Better wetting & friction properties of the surface
 - Lower tendency for deposits
 - In most cases, an improvement in follicles
- Some cases have to be supported with steroid therapy

Follikel







Take Home Message



- Scleral lenses can be applied in many pathological changes in cornea and can increase QoL substancially
- Apply creativity to your fitting experience of normal scleral lenses and strive for the best possible, tolerable and responsible lens fit
- Follow up, follow up, follow up, ...



"Scleral Lenses of a Perfect World applied in an Imperfect World with the least possible Compromises!"



Restore Vision & Improve QoL

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